

# Package ‘EpiTxDb’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Storing and accessing epitranscriptomic information using the AnnotationDbi interface

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**Description** EpiTxDb facilitates the storage of epitranscriptomic information. More specifically, it can keep track of modification identity, position, the enzyme for introducing it on the RNA, a specifier which determines the position on the RNA to be modified and the literature references each modification is associated with.

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**RoxygenNote** 7.3.1

**BugReports** <https://github.com/FelixErnst/EpiTxDb/issues>

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EpiTxDb-package	<i>EpiTxDb: Storing and accessing epitranscriptomic information using the AnnotationDbi interface</i>
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## Description

EpiTxDb facilitates the storage of epitranscriptomic information. More specifically, it can keep track of modification identity, position, the enzyme for introducing it on the RNA, a specifier which determines the position on the RNA to be modified and the literature references each modification is associated with.

## Author(s)

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**See Also**

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/FelixErnst/EpiTxDb>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/FelixErnst/EpiTxDb/issues>

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EpiTxDb-class

*EpiTxDb objects*

---

**Description**

The EpiTxDb class is a [AnnotationDb](#) type container for storing Epitranscriptomic information.

The information are typically stored on a per transcript and not as genomic coordinates, but the EpiTxDb class is agnostic to this. In case of genomic coordinates transcriptsBy will return modifications per chromosome.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'EpiTxDb'  
organism(object)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'EpiTxDb'  
seqinfo(x)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'EpiTxDb'  
seqlevels(x)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'EpiTxDb'  
as.list(x)
```

**Arguments**

x, object      a EpiTxDb object

**Value**

For

- organism() and seqlevels() a character vector
- seqinfo() a [Seqinfo](#) object
- as.list() a list

**See Also**

- [makeEpiTxDbFromGRanges](#) for creating a EpiTxDb object from a [GRanges](#) object and its metadata columns
- [makeEpiTxDbFromRMBase](#) for creating a EpiTxDb object from RMBase online resources
- [makeEpiTxDbFromtRNadb](#) for creating a EpiTxDb object from tRNadb online resources
- [makeEpiTxDb](#) for creating a EpiTxDb object from data.frames
- [modifications](#), [modificationsBy](#) for getting epitranscriptomic modification locations
- [select](#) for using the default interface of [AnnotationDb](#) objects.
- [shiftGenomicToTranscript](#) and [shiftTranscriptToGenomic](#) for transferring genomic to transcript coordinates and back again.

**Examples**

```
etdb_file <- system.file("extdata", "EpiTxDb.Hs.hg38.snoRNadb.sqlite",
                        package="EpiTxDb")
etdb <- loadDb(etdb_file)
etdb

# general methods
seqinfo(etdb) #
seqlevels(etdb) # easy access to all transcript names
```

---

EpiTxDb-data

*EpiTxDb internal data*

---

**Description**

EpiTxDb internal data

**Usage**

```
data(rmbase_data)
```

**Format**

```
data.frame
```

---

EpiTxDb-package#'	EpiTxDb - <i>Storing and accessing epitranscriptomic information using the AnnotationDbi interface</i>
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## Description

title

## Author(s)

Felix G M Ernst [aut]

## References

Jia-Jia Xuan, Wen-Ju Sun, Ke-Ren Zhou, Shun Liu, Peng-Hui Lin, Ling-Ling Zheng, Liang-Hu Qu, Jian-Hua Yang (2017): "RMBase v2.0: Deciphering the Map of RNA Modifications from Epitranscriptome Sequencing Data." *Nucleic Acids Research*, Volume 46, Issue D1, 4 January 2018, Pages D327–D334. doi: 10.1093/nar/gkx934

Jühling, Frank; Mörl, Mario; Hartmann, Roland K.; Sprinzl, Mathias; Stadler, Peter F.; Pütz, Joern (2009): "TRNAdb 2009: Compilation of tRNA Sequences and tRNA Genes." *Nucleic Acids Research* 37 (suppl\_1): D159–D162. doi: 10.1093/nar/gkn772

Sprinzl, Mathias; Vassilenko, Konstantin S. (2005): "Compilation of tRNA Sequences and Sequences of tRNA Genes." *Nucleic Acids Research* 33 (suppl\_1): D139–D140. doi: 10.1093/nar/gki012

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makeEpiTxDb	<i>Creating a EpiTxDb from user supplied annotations as data.frames</i>
-------------	---

---

## Description

makeEpiTxDb is a low-level constructor for creating a [EpiTxDb](#) object from user supplied annotations.

This functions typically will not be used by regular users.

## Usage

```
makeEpiTxDb(
  modifications,
  reactions = NULL,
  specifiers = NULL,
  references = NULL,
  metadata = NULL,
  reassign.ids = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

- modifications** A `data.frame` containing the following columns:
- `mod_id`: a unique integer value per modification.
  - `mod_type`: the modification type as a character or factor value. Must be a value from `shortName(ModRNAStrng())`.
  - `mod_name`: a character or factor name for the specific modification
  - `mod_start`: the start position for the modification as integer value. Usually `mod_start = mod_end`
  - `mod_end`: the end position for the modification as integer value. Usually `mod_start = mod_end`
  - `mod_strand`: the strand information for the modification as a character or factor.
  - `sn_id`: a integer value per unique sequence
  - `sn_name`: a character or factor as sequence name, e.g a chromosome or a transcript identifier like `chr1`.
- The first six are mandatory, whereas one of the last two has to be set. `sn_id` will be generated from `sn_name`, if `sn_id` is not set.
- reactions** An optional `data.frame` containing the following columns:
- `mod_id`: a integer value per modification and the link to the modification `data.frame`.
  - `rx_genename`: a character or factor referencing a genename for the enzyme incorporating the modification.
  - `rx_rank`: a integer for sorting enzyme reactions, if multiple enzymes are involved in the modification's incorporation/maintenance.
  - `rx_ensembl`: a character or factor with an ensembl identifier for the genename of the enzyme.
  - `rx_ensembltrans`: a character or factor with an ensembl identifier for the transcript being translated into the enzyme.
  - `rx_entrezid`: a character or factor with an entrezid for the genename of the enzyme.
- (default: `reactions = NULL`)
- specifiers** An optional `data.frame` containing the following columns:
- `mod_id`: a integer value per modification and the link to the modification `data.frame`.
  - `spec_type`: a character or factor referencing a type of specifier, e.g. `snoRNA`. Not checked for validity.
  - `spec_genename`: a character or factor referencing a genename for the specifier directing an enzyme to the specific location for the modification to be incorporated.
  - `spec_ensembl`: a character or factor with an ensembl identifier for the genename of the specifier.
  - `spec_ensembltrans`: a character or factor with an ensembl identifier for the transcript being translated into the specifier.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>spec_entrezid</code>: a character or factor with an entrezid for the gene-name of the specifier.</li> </ul> <p>(default: <code>specifiers = NULL</code>)</p>
<code>references</code>	<p>An optional <code>data.frame</code> containing the following columns:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>mod_id</code>: a integer value per modification and the link to the modification <code>data.frame</code>.</li> <li>• <code>ref_type</code>: a character or factor with a reference type, e.g. PMID. Is not checked for validity.</li> <li>• <code>ref</code>: a character or factor with a reference value, e.g. a specific pubmed id or an journal article. Is not checked for validity.</li> </ul> <p>(default: <code>references = NULL</code>)</p>
<code>metadata</code>	<p>An optional <code>data.frame</code> containing the following columns:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>name</code>: a character value used as name</li> <li>• <code>value</code>: a character value</li> </ul> <p>This dataframe will be returned by <code>metadata()</code> (default: <code>metadata = NULL</code>)</p>
<code>reassign_ids</code>	<p>TRUE or FALSE Controls how internal <code>mod_ids</code> should be assigned. If <code>reassign_ids</code> is FALSE (the default) and if the <code>ids</code> are supplied, then they are used as the internal <code>ids</code>, otherwise the internal <code>ids</code> are assigned in a way that is compatible with the order defined by ordering the modifications first by chromosome, then by strand, then by start, and finally by end.</p>

### Value

a `EpiTxDb` object.

### See Also

- [makeEpiTxDbFromGRanges](#) for creating a `EpiTxDb` object from a `GRanges` object and it's metadata columns
- [makeEpiTxDbFromRMBase](#) for creating a `EpiTxDb` object from RMBase online resources
- [makeEpiTxDbFromtRNAdb](#) for creating a `EpiTxDb` object from tRNAdb online resources
- [shortName](#) and [ModRNAString](#) for information on `ModRNAString` objects.

### Examples

```
mod <- data.frame("mod_id" = 1L,
                 "mod_type" = "m1A",
                 "mod_name" = "m1A_1",
                 "mod_start" = 1L,
                 "mod_end" = 1L,
                 "mod_strand" = "+",
                 "sn_id" = 1L,
                 "sn_name" = "test")
rx <- data.frame(mod_id = 1L,
                 rx_genename = "test",
                 rx_rank = 1L,
```

```

      rx_ensembl = "test",
      rx_ensembltrans = "test",
      rx_entrezid = "test")
spec <- data.frame(mod_id = 1L,
                  spec_type = "test",
                  spec_genename = "test",
                  spec_ensembl = "test",
                  spec_ensembltrans = "test",
                  spec_entrezid = "test")
ref <- data.frame(mod_id = 1L,
                 ref_type = "test",
                 ref = "test")
etdb <- makeEpiTxDb(mod, rx, spec, ref)

```

---

makeEpiTxDbFromGRanges

*Create a EpiTxDb object from a GRanges object*

---

### Description

makeEpiTxDbFromGRanges extracts informations from a [GRanges](#) object. The following metadata columns can be used:

- mod\_id, mod\_type, mod\_name and tx\_ensembl. The first three are mandatory, whereas tx\_ensembl is optional.
- rx\_genename, rx\_rank, rx\_ensembl, rx\_ensembltrans and rx\_entrezid
- spec\_type, spec\_genename, spec\_ensembl, spec\_ensembltrans and spec\_entrezid
- ref\_type and ref

... and passed on the [makeEpiTxDb](#).

### Usage

```
makeEpiTxDbFromGRanges(gr, metadata = NULL, reassign.ids = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

gr	A <a href="#">GRanges</a> object, which contains at least the mandatory columns.
metadata	A 2-column data.frame containing meta information to be included in the EpiTxDb object. This data.frame is just passed to <a href="#">makeEpiTxDb</a> . See <a href="#">makeEpiTxDb</a> for more information about the format of metadata. (default: metadata = NULL)
reassign.ids	= FALSE

### Value

a EpiTxDb object.



## Examples

```
library(GenomicRanges)
gr <- GRanges(seqnames = "test",
              ranges = IRanges::IRanges(1,1),
              strand = "+",
              DataFrame(mod_id = 1L,
                       mod_type = "Am",
                       mod_name = "Am_1"))
etdb <- makeEpiTxDbFromGRanges(gr)
```

---

makeEpiTxDbFromRMBase *Create a EpiTxDb object from RMBase v2.0 online resources*

---

## Description

makeEpiTxDbFromRMBase will make use of the RMBase v2.0 online resources.

## Usage

EPITXDB\_RMBASE\_URL

downloadRMBaseFiles(organism, genome, modtype)

```
makeEpiTxDbFromRMBase(
  organism,
  genome,
  modtype,
  tx = NULL,
  sequences = NULL,
  metadata = NULL,
  reassign.ids = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

getRMBaseDataAsGRanges(files, verbose = FALSE)

```
makeEpiTxDbFromRMBaseFiles(
  files,
  tx = NULL,
  sequences = NULL,
  metadata = NULL,
  reassign.ids = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

listAvailableOrganismsFromRMBase()

```
listAvailableGenomesFromRMBase(organism)
```

```
listAvailableModFromRMBase(organism, genome)
```

### Arguments

organism	A character value, which must match an organism descriptor on the RMBase download website.
genome	A character value, which must match a genome descriptor on the RMBase download website.
modtype	A character value, which must match one or more modification descriptors on the RMBase download website.
tx	A <a href="#">GRangesList</a> object which will be used to shift the genomic coordinates to transcript coordinates. This is optional, but highly recommended. (default: tx = NULL).
sequences	A named <a href="#">DNAStringSet</a> or <a href="#">RNAStringSet</a> , which will be used to check whether the defined modifications are compatible with the original base. This uses <a href="#">removeIncompatibleModifications</a> function from the <a href="#">Modstrings</a> package.
metadata, reassign.ids	See <a href="#">makeEpiTxDb</a>
verbose	TRUE or FALSE: Should verbose message be printed?
files	From organism, genome and modtype the available files will be downloaded using the <a href="#">BiocFileCache</a> interface and passed on to <a href="#">makeEpiTxDbFromRMBaseFiles</a> . However, individual files can be provided as well.

### Format

An object of class character of length 1.

### Value

a [EpiTxDb](#) object.

---

`makeEpiTxDbFromtRNAdb` *Create a [EpiTxDb](#) object from [tRNAdb](#) resources*

---

### Description

`makeEpiTxDbFromtRNAdb` will make use of the [tRNAdb](#) online resources and extract the modification information from the RNA database.

If a named [DNAStringSet](#) is provided as `sequences`, the result from the [tRNAdb](#) will be matched against the sequences. Valid matches will be used as transcript identifiers and returned after a check of modification compatibility with the provided sequence. By this process multiple copies of transcripts can be associated with a single modification.

`makeEpiTxDbFromtRNAdb` uses the functions provided by the [tRNAdbImport](#) package. `import.tRNAdb` will be used with `database = "RNA"` and the three different values for `origin`.

**Usage**

```

gettRNAdbDataAsGRanges(
  organism,
  sequences = NULL,
  dbURL = tRNAdbImport::TRNA_DB_URL
)

makeEpiTxDbFromtRNAdb(
  organism,
  sequences = NULL,
  metadata = NULL,
  dbURL = tRNAdbImport::TRNA_DB_URL
)

listAvailableOrganismsFromtRNAdb()

```

**Arguments**

organism	A character value for an organism available on the tRNAdb website.
sequences	A named DNASTringSet or RNASTringSet, which will be used to associate a tRNAdb result with a specific transcript.
dbURL	The URL to the tRNA db website.
metadata	See <a href="#">makeEpiTxDb</a>

**Value**

a EpiTxDb object.

**References**

Juehling F, Moerl M, Hartmann RK, Sprinzl M, Stadler PF, Puetz J. 2009. "tRNAdb 2009: compilation of tRNA sequences and tRNA genes." *Nucleic Acids Research*, Volume 37 (suppl\_1): D159–162. doi:10.1093/nar/gkn772.

**Examples**

```

## Not run:
# getting just the annotation data
etdb <- makeEpiTxDbFromtRNAdb("Saccharomyces cerevisiae")

# For associating the result with transcripts, provide and additional
# named DNASTringSet object. Matching will be done against each sequence
# allowing 5 mismatches and indels. The final result will be checked for
# validity regarding the identity of the modifications
etdb <- makeEpiTxDbFromtRNAdb("Saccharomyces cerevisiae",
                             some_transcript_sequences)

## End(Not run)

```

---

modifications

*Getting modification data from a EpiTxDb-object*


---

## Description

modifications and modificationsBy are functions to extract modification annotation from a [EpiTxDb](#) object.

modifiedSeqsByTranscript returns a [ModRNAStringSet](#) from a EpiTxDb object and compatible RNAStringSet object. This used the [combineIntoModstrings\(\)](#) function from the Modstrings package.

## Usage

```

modifications(
  x,
  columns = c("mod_id", "mod_type", "mod_name"),
  filter = NULL,
  use.names = FALSE,
  ...
)

modificationsBy(
  x,
  by = c("seqnames", "mod_type", "reaction", "specifier", "specifier_type"),
  ...
)

modifiedSeqsByTranscript(x, sequences, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'EpiTxDb'
modifications(
  x,
  columns = c("mod_id", "mod_type", "mod_name"),
  filter = NULL,
  use.names = FALSE
)

## S4 method for signature 'EpiTxDb'
modificationsBy(
  x,
  by = c("seqnames", "modtype", "reaction", "specifier", "specifiertype")
)

## S4 method for signature 'EpiTxDb,DNAStringSet'
modifiedSeqsByTranscript(x, sequences)

```

**Arguments**

x	a <a href="#">EpiTxDb</a>
columns	Columns to include in the result. If the vector is named, those names are used for the corresponding column in the element metadata of the returned object. (default: columns = c("mod_id", "mod_type", "mod_name"))
filter	Either NULL or a named list of vectors to be used to restrict the output. Valid names for this list are: "mod_id", "mod_type", "mod_name", "sn_id", "sn_name", "rx_genename", "rx_ensembl", "rx_ensembltrans", "rx_entrezid", "spec_genename", "spec_type", "spec_ensembl", "spec_ensembltrans", "spec_entrezid", "ref_type" and "ref". (default: filter = NULL)
use.names	TRUE or FALSE. If TRUE, the modification names are set as the names of the returned object. (default: use.names = FALSE)
...	Not used.
by	By which information type should the result be split into? A character value from one of the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• seqnames</li> <li>• mod_type</li> <li>• reaction</li> <li>• specifier</li> <li>• specifier_type</li> </ul>
sequences	A <a href="#">RNAStringSet</a> , which can be used as input for <a href="#">combineIntoModstrings()</a> . See <a href="#">?combineIntoModstrings</a> for additional details.

**Value**

a [GRanges](#) object for modifications and a [GRangesList](#) for modificationsBy.

**Examples**

```
etdb_file <- system.file("extdata", "EpiTxDb.Hs.hg38.snoRNAdb.sqlite",
                        package="EpiTxDb")
etdb <- loadDb(etdb_file)
etdb
```

---

positionSequence      *Generate integer sequences from position information of Ranges*

---

**Description**

positionSequence generates sequences of integer values along the range information of x. This can be used for navigating specific positions on a range information.

**Usage**

```

positionSequence(x, order = FALSE, decreasing = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'Ranges'
positionSequence(x, order = FALSE, decreasing = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangesList'
positionSequence(x, order = FALSE, decreasing = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'Ranges'
as.integer(x)

```

**Arguments**

x	a Ranges object, like a <a href="#">GRanges</a> or <a href="#">IRanges</a> , or a RangesList object, like a <a href="#">GRangesList</a> or <a href="#">IRangesList</a>
order	TRUE or FALSE: Should the position be ordered? (default: order = FALSE)
decreasing	TRUE or FALSE: If order = TRUE Should the position be ordered in a decreasing order? (default: order = FALSE)

**Value**

a integer vector if x is a [GRanges](#) object and a IntegerList if x is a [GRangesList](#)

**Examples**

```

library(GenomicRanges)
# Returns an integer vector
gr <- GRanges("chr1:1-5:+")
positionSequence(gr)
gr2 <- GRanges("chr1:1-5:-")
positionSequence(gr)
# returns an IntegerList
grl <- GRangesList("1" = gr, "2" = gr, "3" = gr2) # must be named
positionSequence(grl)

```

---

rescale

*Rescaling Ranges object*


---

**Description**

rescale() rescales IRanges, GRanges, IRangesList and GRangesList by using minima and maxima derived from to and from.

**Usage**

```
rescale(x, to = 1L, from = 1L)

## S4 method for signature 'IRanges'
rescale(x, to = 1L, from = 1L)

## S4 method for signature 'IRangesList'
rescale(x, to = 1L, from = 1L)

## S4 method for signature 'GRanges'
rescale(x, to = 1L, from = 1L)

## S4 method for signature 'GRangesList'
rescale(x, to = 1L, from = 1L)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	a <code>IRanges</code> , <code>GRanges</code> , <code>IRangesList</code> and <code>GRangesList</code> object
<code>to</code> , <code>from</code>	an <code>IRanges</code> object, a character vector coercible to <code>IRanges</code> or a integer vector parallel to <code>x</code> or with length = 1L.

**Value**

an object of the same type and dimensions as `x`

**Author(s)**

H. Pagès, F. Ernst

**See Also**

[IRanges](#) for details on character vectors coercible to `IRanges`.

**Examples**

```
x <- IRanges("5-10")
# widen the ranges
rescale(x, 100, 10)
# widen and shift
rescale(x, "31-60", "5-14")
```

---

`select`*Using the "select" interface on EpiTxDb objects*

---

### Description

As expected for a `AnnotationDb` object, the general accessors `select`, `keys`, `columns` and `keytypes` can be used to get information from a `EpiTxDb` object.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'EpiTxDb'  
select(x, keys, columns, keytype, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'EpiTxDb'  
columns(x)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'EpiTxDb'  
keys(x, keytype, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'EpiTxDb'  
keytypes(x)
```

### Arguments

`x` a `EpiTxDb` object  
`keys`, `columns`, `keytype`, ...  
See `AnnotationDb` for more comprehensive description of the methods `select`, `keys`, `columns` and `keytypes` and their arguments.

### Value

a `data.frame` object for `select()` and a character vector for `keytypes()`, `keys()` and `columns()`.

### Examples

```
etdb_file <- system.file("extdata", "EpiTxDb.Hs.hg38.snoRNadb.sqlite",  
                        package="EpiTxDb")  
etdb <- loadDb(etdb_file)  
etdb
```



---

`shiftTranscriptToGenomic`*Shift GRanges coordinates based on another GRanges object*

---

## Description

`shiftGenomicToTranscript` shifts positions of a [GRanges](#) object based on coordinates of another [GRanges](#) object. The most common application is to shift genomic coordinates to transcript coordinates, which is reflected in the name. `shiftTranscriptToGenomic` implements the reverse operation.

Matches are determined by [findOverlaps](#) for `shiftGenomicToTranscript` and by [findMatches](#) for `shiftTranscriptToGenomic` using the seqnames of the subject and the names of tx.

## Usage

```
shiftTranscriptToGenomic(subject, tx)

shiftGenomicToTranscript(subject, tx)

## S4 method for signature 'GRanges,GRangesList'
shiftTranscriptToGenomic(subject, tx)

## S4 method for signature 'GRangesList,GRangesList'
shiftTranscriptToGenomic(subject, tx)

## S4 method for signature 'GRanges,GRangesList'
shiftGenomicToTranscript(subject, tx)

## S4 method for signature 'GRangesList,GRangesList'
shiftGenomicToTranscript(subject, tx)
```

## Arguments

`subject` a [GRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object  
`tx` a named [GRangesList](#) object.

## Value

a [GRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object depending on the type of subject

## Examples

```
library(GenomicRanges)
# Construct some example data
subject1 <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(3, 6),
                    strand = "+")
subject2 <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(c(17,23), width=3),
```

```
strand = c("+","-"))
subject3 <- GRanges("chr2", IRanges(c(51, 54), c(53, 59)),
strand = "-")
subject <- GRangesList(a=subject1, b=subject2, c=subject3)
tx1 <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(1, 40),
strand="+")
tx2 <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(10, 30),
strand="+")
tx3 <- GRanges("chr2", IRanges(50, 60),
strand="-")
tx <- GRangesList(a=tx1, b=tx2, c=tx3)

# shift to transcript coordinates. Since the third subject does not have
# a match in tx it is dropped with a warning
shifted_gr1 <- shiftGenomicToTranscript(subject,tx)

# ... and back
shifted_gr12 <- shiftTranscriptToGenomic(shifted_gr1,tx)

# comparison of ranges work. However the seqlevels differ
ranges(shifted_gr12) == ranges(subject[list(1,c(1,1),c(1,2))])
```

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